

# HANZO: Collaborative Network Defense for Connected Things

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# Agenda

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- Motivation - IoT Landscape
- Manufacturer Usage Description (MUD)
- Home Area Network Zero Operations (HANZO)\*
  - System Model & Architecture
  - System Implementation & Evaluation
- Conclusions
- Future Work

\*[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hattori\\_Hanzo](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hattori_Hanzo)



# IoT Landscape

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- Things everywhere
- Insecure default configurations
  - Passwords
  - Protocol configurations
- Attacks
  - Mirai vs. Hajime
  - Cryptocurrency Mining
  - Crime Proxies
  - Ransomware
  - Data Theft
- Home vs. Enterprise



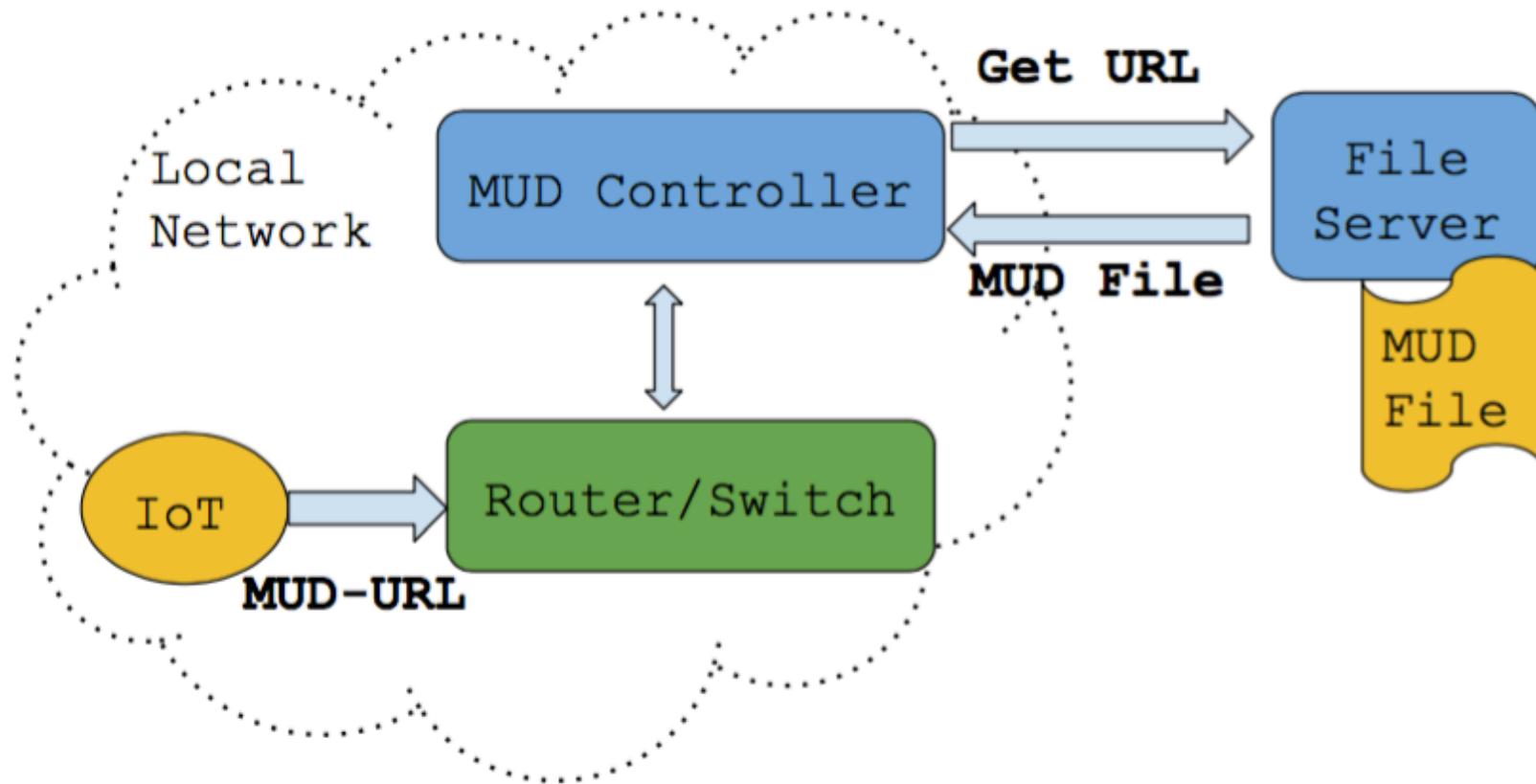
# Good Things

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- Limited functionality
  - Sense – Communicate – Actuate
  - Communication endpoints
- Device manufacturers
  - Management
  - Notifications



# Manufacturer Usage Description



\*<https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-opsawg-mud-25>



# MUD Profile

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## "ietf-mud:mud":

```
"mud-version": 1
"mud-url": "https://lighting.example.com/lightbulb2000"
"last-update": "2018-03-02T11:20:51+01:00"
"cache-validity": 48
"is-supported": true
"systeminfo": "The BMS Example Lightbulb"
"from-device-policy":
  "access-lists":
    "access-list":
      "name": "mud-76100-v6fr"
"to-device-policy":
  "access-lists":
    "access-list":
      "name": "mud-76100-v6to"
```

## "ietf-access-control-list:acls":

```
"acl":
  "name": "mud-76100-v6to"
  "type": "ipv6-acl-type"
  "aces":
    "ace":
      .....
      "matches":
        "ipv6":
          "ietf-acldns:src-dnsname": "test.example.com"
          "tcp":
            "ietf-mud:direction-initiated": "from-device"
      "actions":
        "forwarding": "accept"
  "name": "mud-76100-v6fr"
  "type": "ipv6-acl-type"
  "aces":
    "ace":
      .....
      "matches":
        "ipv6":
          "ietf-acldns:dst-dnsname": "test.example.com"
          "tcp":
            "ietf-mud:direction-initiated": "from-device"
      "actions":
        "forwarding": "accept"
```



# HANZO\* Controller

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- Current IoT devices are not MUD enabled
- Create MUD Profile by traffic observation
- MUD Manager functionality
  - DHCP / MUD-URL String / Option Header 161
- Small networks
- Zero network operations

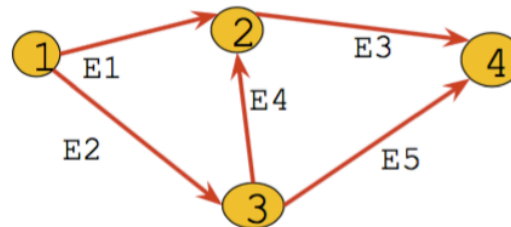


# System Model

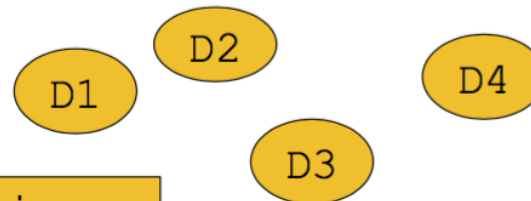
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- Network-first Approach
- Devices
- Profiles – {Edges} → Communication constraints
- Applications

Applications



Profiles



Devices





# Device States

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- Registration
- Configuration
- Operation
- Maintenance
- Quarantine



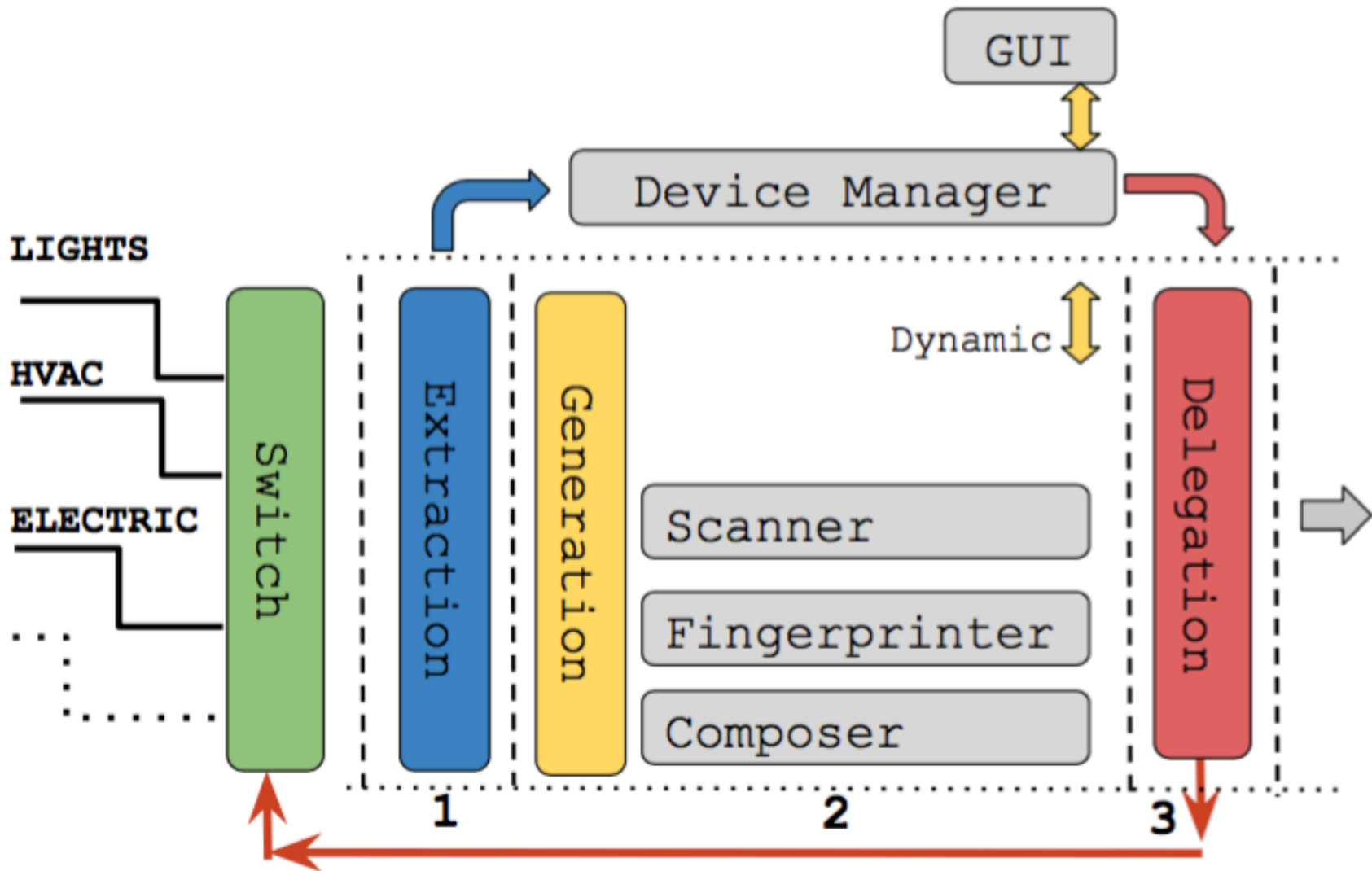
# Home Network Testbed

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| Network  | Device    | Type         | Quantity |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----------|
| Electric | LoneyShow | Plug         | 4        |
|          | VOCOLinc  | Plug         | 2        |
|          | UPSTONE   | Power Strip  | 1        |
| Light    | TP-Link   | Light Bulb   | 2        |
|          | Sengled   | Light Bulb   | 2        |
|          | UPSTONE   | Light Bulb   | 1        |
| Presence | EZVIZ     | Camera       | 1        |
|          | Wansview  | Camera       | 1        |
|          | iHome     | Motion       | 1        |
| HVAC     | iHome     | Temperature  | 1        |
|          | Honeywell | Fan          | 1        |
| Data     | ASUS      | Access Point | 1        |
|          | Apple     | Phone        | 2        |
|          | Samsung   | Phone        | 1        |
|          | Google    | Streamer     | 1        |
|          | Amazon    | Speaker      | 1        |
|          | Apple     | Laptop       | 1        |
|          | Lenovo    | Laptop       | 1        |
|          | Lexmark   | Printer      | 1        |



# System Architecture



# System Phases

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- Monitoring
  - Metadata
  - Endpoints
- Categorization
  - IoT vs General
- Enforcement



# Device Metadata

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- Link Layer – MAC
  - First 3 bytes are manufacturer identifier (OUI)
- DHCP Options Headers
  - Option 55 – Parameter Request List
  - Option 60 – Vendor Class Identifier
- DNS
  - Capture DNS request sequences
- WHOIS records
  - Manufacturers information

```
-----  
DHCP Broadcast  
-----  
Session  
( 'message-type', 1 )  
( 'client_id', '\x01\x00!\xb7\xfa\x92L' )  
( 'max_dhcp_size', 576 )  
( 'lease_time', 4294967295 )  
( 'requested_addr', '128.59.16.127' )  
( 'hostname', 'schedule\x00' )  
( 'param_req_list', '\x01\x03*\x04\x06\x07\x0c\x0f\x1a,36:;\xbe' )  
( 'vendor_class_id', 'Mfg=DELL;Typ=Printer;Mod=De1l 3330dn Laser Printer;Ser=7226FT5;' )  
{ 'manufacturer': u'LexmarkI', 'os': '', 'device_type': u'Lexmark Printer', 'mac_address': '00:21:b7:fa:92:4c' }
```



# Metadata Observation

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| Vendor    | OUI      | WHOIS     | OS      |
|-----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| EZVIZ     | AmpakTec | Nexperian | Linux   |
| WANSView  | Shenzen  | Null      | Linux   |
| iHome     | Azurewav | Evrythng  | Java ME |
| LoneyShow | Espressi | Hangzhou  | Null    |
| Tp-Link   | TP-LINK  | TP-LINK   | Null    |
| Sengled   | Espressi | Sengled   | Null    |
| Apple     | Apple    | Apple     | iOS     |
| Samsung   | Samsung  | Samsung   | Android |



# Communication Endpoints

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- Limited endpoints for IoT devices
- Converge quickly

| Device             | 1 min | 5 min | 10 min | 20 min | 30 min | 60 min |
|--------------------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| EZVIZ/Camera       | 3     | 3     | 4      | 4      | 4      | 4      |
| WANSView/Camera    | 3     | 4     | 10     | 10     | 10     | 10     |
| iHome/Monitor      | 4     | 4     | 4      | 4      | 4      | 4      |
| UPSTONE/Plug       | 4     | 4     | 4      | 4      | 4      | 4      |
| TP-LINK/Light Bulb | 2     | 2     | 2      | 2      | 2      | 2      |
| Sengled/Light Bulb | 2     | 2     | 2      | 2      | 2      | 2      |



# Signature - IoT vs. General

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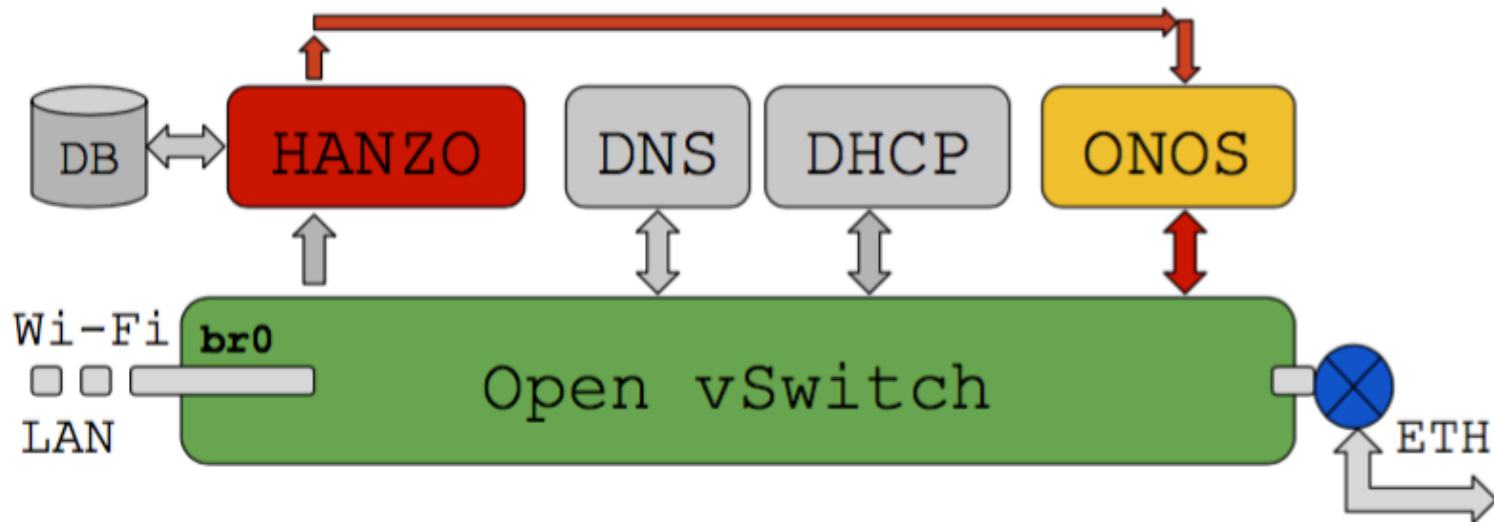
- Supervised binary classification
  - Support Vector Machines
- Network traffic context
  - Link – Frame headers
  - Network – IP headers
  - Transport – port, rate, size, sent/recv, count, inter-arrival
  - Application – DNS, HTTP, MQTT, DHCP





# Implementation

1. Extraction – TCPDump with Python Scapy
2. Generation – Python modules with pub-sub event-bus
3. Delegation – ONOS Controller & Open vSwitch



# Evaluation – Signature & Endpoints

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| Device    | Type         | IoT | Profile | #Endpoints |
|-----------|--------------|-----|---------|------------|
| LoneyShow | Plug         | Yes | Yes     | 2          |
| VOCOLinc  | Plug         | Yes | Yes     | 2          |
| UPSTONE   | Power Strip  | Yes | Yes     | 4          |
| TP-Link   | Light Bulb   | Yes | Yes     | 2          |
| Sengled   | Light Bulb   | Yes | Yes     | 2          |
| UPSTONE   | Light Bulb   | Yes | Yes     | 6          |
| EZVIZ     | Camera       | Yes | Yes     | 4          |
| Wansview  | Camera       | Yes | Yes     | 10         |
| iHome     | Motion       | Yes | Yes     | 4          |
| iHome     | Temperature  | Yes | Yes     | 4          |
| Honeywell | Fan          | Yes | Yes     | 2          |
| ASUS      | Access Point | No  | No      | -          |
| Apple     | Phone        | No  | No      | -          |
| Samsung   | Phone        | No  | No      | -          |
| Google    | Streamer     | No  | No      | -          |
| Amazon    | Speaker      | Yes | Yes     | 18         |
| Apple     | Laptop       | No  | No      | -          |
| Lenovo    | Laptop       | No  | No      | -          |
| Lexmark   | Printer      | Yes | Yes     | 4          |



# Evaluation - Metadata

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- MAC manufacturers are different from device
- No DHCP Option Headers on most IoT devices
- Device request sequences do not change
  - NTP servers – NIST, ...
  - Cloud services – AWS, Azure, ...
  - Manufacturer servers
  - Unencrypted MQTT brokers



# Conclusions

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- IoT communication endpoints are limited & converge quickly
- Easy to white-list valid network endpoints
- No single method for IoT device metadata
- Continuous security monitoring
  - Device compromise detection



# Future Work

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- Porting to OpenWRT
- netfilter enforcement support
- Crowd-sourcing device configuration



# Questions?

